

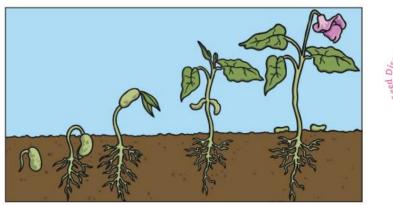
KS1 Science Knowledge Organiser

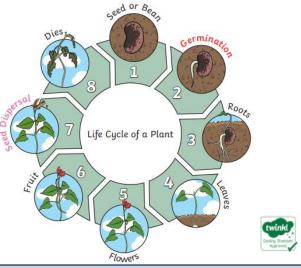
Topic: Plants (Y2 Unit)

Key questions:

- What do plants grow from?
- What happens to seeds and bulbs as they grow?
- What do plants need in order to be able to grow and stay healthy?
- Where do seeds and bulbs come from?

• Where do seeds and builds come from?	
Key Information:	
Seed dispersal	Seed dispersal is when the seeds move away from the parent plant. They can drop to
	the ground in the plant's fruit or be moved by wind or animals.
Germination	When the conditions are right, the seed soaks up water and swells, and the tiny new
	plant bursts out of its shell. This is called germination.
Sunlight	Plants use the energy from sunlight to make their leaves green. Sunlight also allows
	plants to create their own food in their leaves. This is called 'photosynthesis.'
	Without water seeds and bulbs will not germinate and cannot grow. Water enters a
	plant through its stem and travels up to the leaves. When a plant has enough water,
Water	its leaves are strong and sturdy. Without enough water the leaves drop and wilt. Water
	carries nutrients from the soil into the plant. Water is also necessary for plants to be
	able to create their own food during 'photosynthesis'.
	If it's too hot or cold, plants will not grow well. They can be damaged or destroyed by
Temperature	frost. Nutrients and water are unable to flow through a plant if parts of it are frozen. If
	it is too hot, leaves may start to wilt and the plant may struggle to survive.





Did you know...?

- There are over 200,000 different plant species, however most of the food we eat comes from just 30 plants.
- Some plants like Venus flytraps are carnivorous. This means they eat other living things. They gain nutrients from some insects and spiders.
- Some plants live underwater. They are called aquatic plants.
- Glue used to be made from bluebell flower juice.
- Bamboo is the fastest growing woody plant. It grows about 80cm a day. That about as tall as your classroom tables.
- Herbs are plant with leaves, seeds or flowers that are used to add flavour to foods.

Key vocabulary seed stem water bulb leaf sunlight germination flower temperature nutrition shoot fruit root seed dispersal conditions