Stage
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'Grammar Hammer'

Skill Check 3

	<u>a</u> :	<u>te</u>	ize	terro	or	<u>ize</u>	ate	
3. (W5:2. Sp 5:14) Silent before 'e' or 'i' (scissors,		follows 's' and 'sc'	often goes	4. (W5:2. Sp 5 thistle, castle)	:17) Silent 't' is	s often in the	letter string 'stle' (w	histle
S <u>C</u> iSSOTS 5-6. (W5:3. 5:19) Homophones are words tha			brush		w <u>h</u> is <u>t</u> le		drum	
The climber star		_					way to solve	it.
7. (W5:4) Check the defin	ition with	that in the diction	ary available.					
mettle			Courag	ge or stren	gth of cha	racter.		
8-9. (W5:5) To put in alph	habetical	order you may nee	d to use the firs	st, second, third	or even fourth l	etter of the w	ord.	
stripe	3	strong	4	sh	ор	2	shape	1
0-11. (W5:11) Using a w	vider ran <sub>ë</sub>			_				
unexpectedly	• •		_	olus some			moreover	
2-13. (W5:12) Using a w o they guide the reader a				-	l fronted adver	bials help org	anise and structure	texts
<u>Undoubtedly</u>	<u>',</u>	In the mo	orning,	Afte	rwards,	M	ore importan	tly,
4-15. (W5:15) A verb ter			-		esent (I run) or	future (I will	run). They should re	emain
onsistent throughout a p					oc ( blown	/ hlow	across the la	
6-17. (W5:16) If two or i		/ begun ) to	-		-		across the la	
erb. Singular subjects (I,								
Roh and Dan (	was /	<u>were</u> ) best j	friends.	Noithor	A	Dad ( w	ere / <b>was</b> ) rig	
	,			Neither	ivium nor	Duu ( we	ere / <u>wus</u> / rig	ht.
8-19. (W5:18) Verbs in t	he <b>perfec</b>	-	ion completed	in the past at an	unspecified tim	e. They use '	have' (present perfec	
'8-19. (W5:18) Verbs in t had' (past perfect), 'will	he <b>perfec</b> have' (fu	-	ion completed e a past particij	in the past at an ple of the verb. S	unspecified tim Simple past has	e. They use ' a specific tim	have' (present perfec	ct),
8-19. (W5:18) Verbs in t had' (past perfect), 'will <b>The lion ( <u>bi</u></b> 20-21. (W5:19) <b>Expande</b> d	he perfec have' (fu <u>t</u> / bit t noun p	ture perfect) before ten ) the kee hrases add informa	ion completed e a past particip <b>PET.</b> tion (adjective.	in the past at an ole of the verb. S <b>The kee</b> s) to nouns (eith	unspecified tim Simple past has P <b>PER WAS (</b> er before or afte	e. They use ' a specific tim bit / <u>bitt</u> er the noun).	have' (present perfected te. <b>En ) by the lic</b> They can be an efficient	ct), D <b>N.</b> ient
18-19. (W5:18) Verbs in t had' (past perfect), 'will <b>The lion ( <u>bi</u></b> 20-21. (W5:19) <b>Expande</b> d	he <b>perfec</b> have' (fu <u>t</u> / bit t noun pl e interesti	ture perfect) before ten ) the kee hrases add informa ing and create imag	ion completed e a past particip <b>PET.</b> tion (adjective, gery. Words tha	in the past at an ple of the verb. S <b>The kee</b> s) to nouns (eith at add nothing no	unspecified tim Simple past has <b>PET WAS (</b> er before or aft ew or are synon	te. They use ' a specific tim <b>bit / <u>bitt</u></b> er the noun). symous are re	have' (present perfected te. They can be an efficient they can be an efficient they can be an efficient they can be and redunda	ct), D <b>N.</b> ient int.
18-19. (W5:18) Verbs in t had' (past perfect), 'will The lion ( <u>bi</u> 20-21. (W5:19) Expanded way to make writing more The (ugly/hid 22. (W5:20) Modal verbs	he <b>perfec</b> have' (fu <b>t</b> / bit d noun pi e interesti e <b>(eOUS)</b> indicate	ture perfect) before ten ) the kee hrases add informa ing and create imag witch held u likelihood (must), a	ion completed e a past particip per. tion (adjective ery. Words that the content of the	in the past at an ole of the verb. S The kee s) to nouns (eith at add nothing no mson/red/ ermission (may)	unspecified tim Simple past has P <b>PER WAS (</b> er before or afte ew or are synom ( <b>rOSY) APP</b> or obligation. <b>1</b>	te. They use ' a specific tim bit / <u>bitt</u> er the noun). symous are re le, trying	have' (present perfective. They can be an efficient to tempt her	ct), D <b>N.</b> ient int. r.
18-19. (W5:18) Verbs in t 'had' (past perfect), 'will The lion ( <u>bi</u> 20-21. (W5:19) Expanded vay to make writing more The (ugly/hid 22. (W5:20) Modal verbs night, should, shall, woul	he <b>perfec</b> have' (fu <b>t</b> / bit d noun pi e interesti e interesti deous) indicate	ture perfect) before ten ) the kee hrases add informa ing and create imag witch held u likelihood (must), a	ion completed e a past particip per. tion (adjective gery. Words that the the (cri- the the forms). The	in the past at an ple of the verb. S The kee s) to nouns (eith at add nothing no mson/red/ ermission (may) bey go before oth	unspecified tim Simple past has <b>PER WAS (</b> er before or afte ew or are synom ( <b>rOSY) APP</b> or obligation. T er verbs.	te. They use ' a specific tim bit / <u>bitt</u> bit / <u>bitt</u>	have' (present perfect te. They can be an effict petitive and redundant to tempt her he verbs can, could,	ct), D <b>N.</b> ient int. r.
18-19. (W5:18) Verbs in t had' (past perfect), 'will The lion ( <u>bi</u> 20-21. (W5:19) Expanded way to make writing more The (ugly/hid 22. (W5:20) Modal verbs night, should, shall, woul Pe 23. (W5:21) A relative cla	he perfec have' (fu <u>t</u> / bit d noun pi e interesti e interesti d out p e interesti d noun pi e interesti d noun pi e interesti e noun pi e noun p	ture perfect) before ten ) the kee brases add informa ing and create imag witch held u likelihood (must), a sust (and their nega 5 I ( may / wo more information	ion completed e a past particip per. tion (adjective ery. Words that the forms). The culd / sho about the noun	in the past at an ple of the verb. S The kee s) to nouns (eith at add nothing no mson/red/ ermission (may) by go before oth uld ) wait	unspecified tim Simple past has per was ( er before or afte w or are synom (rosy) app or obligation. T er verbs. until Dad use. They norma	te. They use ' a specific tim bit / <u>bitt</u> er the noun). tymous are re le, trying hey include t gets hon ally come afte	have' (present perfected termination of the line of th	ct), <b>DD.</b> ient may, with
8-19. (W5:18) Verbs in t had' (past perfect), 'will The lion ( <u>bi</u> 20-21. (W5:19) Expanded way to make writing more The (ugly/hid 22. (W5:20) Modal verbs night, should, shall, woul Pe 33. (W5:21) A relative cla he words who, which, wh	the perfect have' (fu <u>t</u> / bit noun pi interesti e interesti deous) indicate d, will, m erhaps use adds here, when	ture perfect) before ten ) the kee brases add informa ing and create imag witch held u likelihood (must), a sust (and their nega 5 I ( may / wo more information	ion completed e a past particip per. tion (adjective ery. Words that the forms). The bility (can), pentive forms). The build / sho about the noun they start and e	in the past at an ple of the verb. S The kee s) to nouns (eith at add nothing no mson/red/ ermission (may) bey go before oth culd ) wait in the main clau nd with a comm	unspecified tim Simple past has per was ( er before or after ew or are synow (rosy) app or obligation. T er verbs. until Dad use. They norma a. They turn sin	te. They use ' a specific tim bit / <u>bitt</u> bit / <u>bitt</u> er the noun). symous are re le, trying hey include t gets hon ally come afte nple sentence	have' (present perfected tenering) by the lice They can be an efficient petitive and redundant to tempt her he verbs can, could, he verbs can, could, ne. er the noun and start es into complex sente	ct), <b>DD.</b> <i>ient</i> <i>may</i> , <i>with</i>
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